To: Boardroom Corporate & Advisory Services Pte. Ltd. 50 Raffles Place #32-01 Singapore Land Tower Singapore 048623

FORM R1 (FOREIGN NON-INDIVIDUALS AND EXEMPT NON-CORPORATES) CLAIMING OF TAX REFUND FOR INCOME DISTRIBUTION FOR PERIOD FROM

DECLARATION FOR SINGAPORE TAX PURPOSES				
Name of registered holder :	Securities Account No. :			
Address :	Holding :	Units		
Name of Counter : Mapletree Industrial Trust				

TO

Please read the following important notes carefully before completion of this Form:

This Form is for tax refund claims only. It is applicable to foreign non-individual investors and exempt non-corporate investors as follows:

- (i) in relation to foreign non-individuals, distributions made by Mapletree Industrial Trust ("MIT") during the period from 21 October 2010 to 31 March 2020 (both dates inclusive) in respect of MIT units registered in their own names and where tax at the prevailing corporate tax rate (currently 17%), instead of the reduced rate of 10%, had been deducted from such distributions; and
- (ii) in relation to exempt non-corporates, distribution made by MIT in respect of MIT units registered in their own names and where tax at the prevailing corporate tax rate (currently 17%) had been deducted from such distribution.

You are a foreign non-individual investor if you are not a resident of Singapore¹ for income tax purposes and:

- (a) you do not have a permanent establishment² in Singapore; or
- (b) you carry on any operation in Singapore through a permanent establishment² in Singapore, where the funds used by you to acquire the units in MIT are not obtained from that operation.

You are an exempt non-corporate investor if you are:

- (a) a charity registered under the Charities Act (Cap. 37) or established by any written law; or
- (b) a town council; or
- (c) a statutory board; or
- (d) a co-operative society registered under the Co-operative Societies Act (Cap. 62); or
- (e) a trade union registered under the Trade Unions Act (Cap. 333).

If you are a foreign non-individual investor or an exempt non-corporate investor and tax at the prevailing corporate tax rate (currently 17%) had been deducted from the distributions made to you in respect of units held by you, you can claim a refund of the tax over-deducted from the Inland Revenue Authority of Singapore (IRAS) through the Trustee and the Manager of MIT.

To claim the tax refund from IRAS and to enable the Trustee and the Manager of MIT to ascertain whether you are entitled to the refund, you will need to make a declaration in this Form.

The Trustee and the Manager of MIT will rely on the declaration made in this Form to determine if you are entitled to a refund. Please therefore ensure that this Form is completed in full and legibly and is returned to Boardroom Corporate & Advisory Services Pte. Ltd. Failure to comply with any of these requirements will render this Form invalid and the Trustee and the Manager will not be able to determine if you are entitled to a tax refund.

If you are eligible for the refund, the amount of tax over-deducted will be refunded to you only after the IRAS has refunded the amount to the Trustee.

Please make sure that the information given and the declaration made in this Form is true and correct. The making of a false or incorrect declaration constitutes an offence under the Income Tax Act and the Declarant shall be liable to the appropriate penalties imposed under the said Act.

Please use a separate tax declaration form (Form R1) for each income distribution period.

Foreign non-individuals and exempt non-corporates who hold their units through Depository Agents should contact their Depository Agent as any claim for refund of the tax over-deducted from distributions made in respect of units that were held by a Depository Agent will be processed through the Depository Agent.

This Form is to be returned to Boardroom Corporate & Advisory Services Pte. Ltd., 50 Raffles Place, #32-01 Singapore Land Tower, Singapore 048623. The Trustee and the Manager of MIT will collate all declarations received on a half-yearly basis (by 30 June and 31 December) and submit a claim for tax refund to the IRAS on a half-yearly basis.

Declaration				
I,, NRIC/Passpo				
hereby declare that the Entity is the benefici	al owner of the holdings relating to	the distribution for the	period from to	
Tick (/) either the "Yes" or "No" box		Yes	No	
For foreign non-individual investor:				
(a) the Entity is not a resident of Singapore ¹ for in	come tax purposes; and			
(b) the Entity does not have a permanent establish	nment ² in Singapore.			
If your reply to (b) is "No", please proceed with	(c) -			
(c) the funds used to acquire the holdings in MIT a carried on in Singapore through a permanent of				
For exempt non-corporate investor:				
(d) - a charity registered under the Charities Act (Cap. 37) or established by any written lav	v; or		
- a statutory board; or				
a town council; ora co-operative society registered under the C	co-operative Societies Act (Cap. 62); or	\vdash	 	
- a trade union registered under the Trade Uni				
Please find attached the Subsidiary Income Tax Certificate that was issued for the distribution, or the CDP Account Statement, in respect of which this claim for refund is made.				
Signature of Declarant :	D	ate:		
Contact No:				

- (i) carries on supervisory activities in connection with a building or work site or a construction, installation or assembly project; or
- (ii) has another person acting on the unitholder's behalf in Singapore who:
 - (a) has and habitually exercises an authority to conclude contracts;
 - (b) maintains stock of goods or merchandise for the purpose of delivery on the unitholder's behalf; or
 - (c) habitually secures orders wholly or almost wholly for the unitholder or for such other enterprises as are controlled by the unitholder.

¹ For the purpose of the distribution, a company is not a tax resident in Singapore if the management and control of its business is exercised outside Singapore during the respective calendar year in which the distribution was made and there is no intention to change the management and control of its business to Singapore.

² Under the Singapore Income Tax Act, permanent establishment means a fixed place where a business is wholly or partly carried on including a place of management, a branch, an office, a factory, a warehouse, a workshop, a farm or plantation, a mine, oil well, quarry or other place of extraction of natural resources, a building or work site or a construction, installation or assembly project. A unitholder shall be deemed to have a permanent establishment in Singapore if it: